



New Technology Options and Q&A



Topics Covered

- Available Online Resources
 - ZEV TruckStop
- Basic Terminology
- Battery Electric Technology
- Hydrogen Fuel Cell Technology
- How to Choose a Vehicle
- Cal Fleet Advisor





ZEV TruckStop

arb.ca.gov/ZEVTruckStop









ZEV 101: Get Up To Speed webpage

- Basic Terminology
- Battery Electric
 Technology
- Hydrogen Fuel Cell technology
- Steps to Transition



ZEV 101: Get Up To Speed

Terminology, ZEV fueling, & infrastructure info





Basic Terminology

- Zero-Emission Vehicles (ZEV)
- Battery-Electric Vehicles (BEV)
- Hydrogen Fuel-Cell Electric Vehicles (FCEV)
- Near-Zero Emission Vehicles (NZEV)
- Range
- Regenerative Braking
- Battery Pack
- Electric Drive Train
- Battery Management Systems
- Battery Capacity
- Voltage (Volts)
- Trucking as a Service (TaaS)

- Amperes (Amps)
- Kilowatt (kW)
- Kilowatt-Hour (kWh)
- Level 1 Charger
- Level 2 Charger
- Direct Current (DC) Fast Charger
- Depot Charging
- Opportunity Charging
- Fuel Cell
- Hydrogen Tank
- Charging as a Service (CaaS)
- ICE/ICEV (Internal Combustion Engine) Vehicles





Basic Technology Overview

 Hydrogen Fuel Cell Electric (FCEV)



Battery Electric (BEV)







FCEV -Refueling

- FCEVs are electric vehicles

 they use electricity to
 power an electric motor
- The hydrogen powers a fuel cell to produce the electricity
- Hydrogen is stored in an on-board tank, and is refueled in a similar fashion to conventional ICE vehicles







FCEV - Benefits



- Zero-emission only produces water vapor and warm air
- Can be produced domestically
- Faster to refuel compared to charging BEVs
- Can handle tough conditions and environments
- Safe
- Lower operational costs
- · Potential for shared fueling



FCEV - Limitations

- High up-front costs
- Currently limited refueling infrastructure availability
- Fuel production process is complex, and hydrogen prices are still higher today than conventional fuels

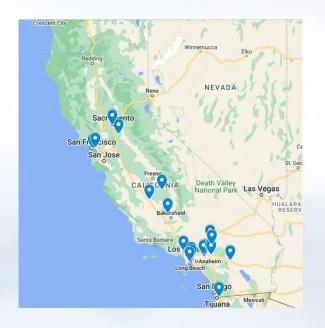






The Future of Hydrogen

- 200 new hydrogen stations by 2025
- 13 to offer heavy-duty services
- Federal Programs Underway
 - EnergIIZE Commercial Vehicles
 - Low Carbon Fuel Standard
 - Hydrogen Shot







FCEV - Safety Considerations



- Myth hydrogen is more dangerous than conventional fuel
- Fact hydrogen is safer than conventional fuels like gasoline and diesel





BEV - Charging

- Need to be plugged into an electric energy source
- Time needed to charge depends mostly on power output of the charging station
- Three categories of chargers:
 - Level 1 (110/120V)
 - Level 2 (208/240V)
 - Level 3 (DCFC) (200+V)







BEV - Charging, cont...

- Charge speed vary based on
 - Ambient temperatures
 - Battery capacity
 - Battery charge level
- Different charging solutions and strategies are available
- Different charger connectors:
 - SAE J1772
 - CCS Type 1
 - SAE 3068







BEV - Benefits



- Lower cost of ownership
- Higher fuel efficiency
- Less maintenance, fewer repairs
- Promotes US energy security
- Zero tailpipe emissions
- Quieter ride, more responsive motor, less vibration





BEV - Limitations

- Limited range
- Higher up-front costs
- Rely on charging infrastructure







BEVs - Overcoming Limitations



- Charging schedule
- Fleet management strategies
- Route planning
- Opportunity charging





BEVs - Charging Efficiency

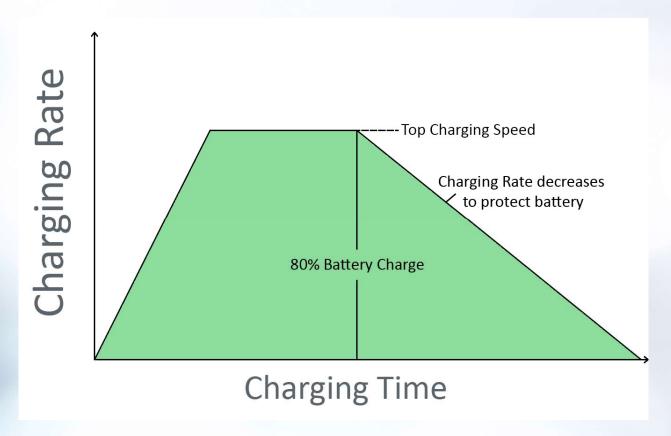
- Many factors affect charging efficiency
 - Battery capacity
 - Charger level
 - Charger output power rate
 - Vehicle charging max power rate
 - Access to chargers
 - Down time available to spend at charger
 - Ambient temperature
 - Battery temperature
 - Battery charge level







BEVs - General Charging Curve







BEVs - Factors Affecting Range



- Route conditions/ topography
- Vehicle speeds
- Weather AC/Heater use
- Driving habits
- Load weight
- Wind
- Tire condition/pressure





BEVs - Best Practices to Extend Range



- Driver habits
- Opportunity charging
- Route planning





BEVs - Determining Charger Needs

- The fastest/most powerful chargers are not always the right chargers
- Factors to consider:
 - Daily range
 - Availability of depot charging
 - Availability of opportunity charging
 - Vehicle down time
- Resources/services available to help







BEVs - Charging options

- Public charging
 - Opportunity charging
 - Loading/unloading
 - Downtime
 - Can sometimes be combined with route planning to maximize efficiency

- Private charging
 - Owning/installing infrastructure
 - CaaS options Lease vs own
 - Working with utilities early
 - Developing accurate timeline





BEVs - Common Myths

Myth

Fact

- BEVs can't yet meet the range demands for most commercial vehicle uses
- There aren't enough commercial BEVs on the market

- Most trucks and vans operate less than 100 miles per day
- Over 135 different models of vans, trucks, and buses are currently available





Applying Charging Strategies

- Determine optimal vehicle battery size
 - Range
 - Weight
 - Cost

- Determine optimal charger speed
 - Route distance
 - Distance to opportunity chargers
 - Battery capacity
 - Planned downtime
 - Cost





ZEV TruckStop - Partners

- California Energy Commission (CEC)
- Local Utilities
- GO-BIZ
- CALSTART
- California Air Districts
- NESCAUM







Switching to zero-emission vehicles (ZEV)?

Assistance is available to guide you through the decision-making process, tailor a plan specifically for your fleet, answer your questions, and navigate the resources and funding options available to you–all for free!







Personalized assistance includes:

- Personal Advisor: Get paired with a dedicated advisor to provide individualized insights towards ZEVs and fueling options, incentives, and more.
- Resources & Referrals: Connected with utilities, local agencies, dealers, and service providers.
- **Funding Process Assistance:** Receive assistance in preparation for all requirements of application.
- One-Off Questions: Advisor staff available to answer quick questions about ZEVs without the need to enroll in the program.

Visit www.calfleetadvisor.org to enroll for FREE today.



1-888-TRY-A-ZEV (888-879-2938) calfleetadvisor@californiahvip.org





Cal Fleet Advisor Contact

E-mail: calfleetadvisor@californiahvip.org

Webpage: https://calfleetadvisor.org/





Choosing the Right Vehicle

- Determine range needed, utilizing charging strategies
- Return to yard nightly?
- Making frequent stops?
- Drive long distances?
- Within reasonable distance to hydrogen refueling?

- Possible to install charging infrastructure?
- Is CaaS an option? TaaS?
- Tools and services available to assess needs and assist this decision





Choosing a Vehicle - Online Tools

- ZEV TruckStop ZEV
 101 Steps to Transition
 - Process broken into 9 steps
 - Relevant tools and resources
 - Helpful videos







ZEV TruckStop - Zero-Emission Market



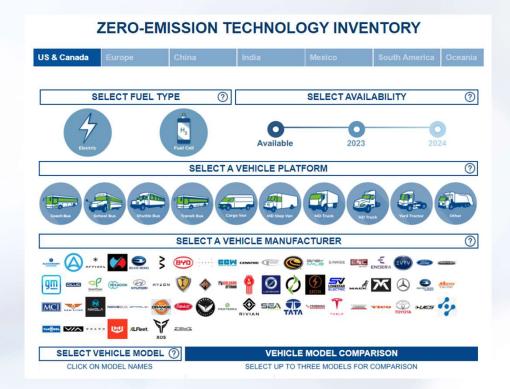
- Over 135 different models of ZEVs already commercially available
- Online resources to help find them
- Page updated regularly





Choosing a Vehicle - ZETI

- CALSTART Zero-Emission Technology Inventory Tool
- Interactive online resource
- Displays ZEVs available in specific regions



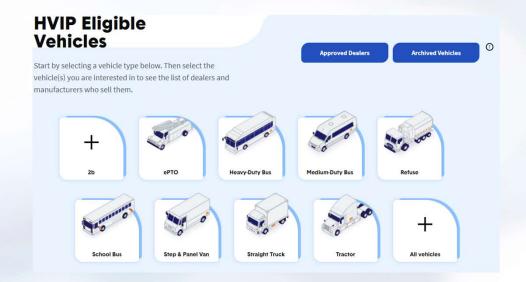
https://globaldrivetozero.org/tools/zeti/





Choosing a Vehicle - HVIP Catalog

- Interactive online tool
- 152 vehicles
- All eligible for HVIP funding



https://californiahvip.org/vehiclecatalog/





Steps to Transition

- 1. Learn about ZEVs
- 2. Identify your fleet needs
- 3. Define your team and contact your utility
- 4. Choose a vehicle
- 5. Plan timeline and permitting
- 6. Plan for financing and apply for funds
- 7. Build out infrastructure
- 8. Ensure driver/maintenance staff training
- 9. Get recognized for your efforts









ZEV TruckStop Homepage - <u>arb.ca.gov/zevtruckstop</u> HVIP - <u>californiahvip.org</u> Cal Fleet Advisor - <u>calfleetadvisor.org</u>

Questions? Email ZEVTruckStop@arb.ca.gov

